

# Contents

|   |          |
|---|----------|
| List of Maps  | vii      |
| Preface   | ix       |
| Acknowledgments                                     | xi       |
| <b>Introduction: The Origins of State Fragility</b> | <b>1</b> |

## PART I

### PRECOLONIAL POLITIES AND THE AFRO-EUROPEAN ENCOUNTER

|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| <b>1. Indigenous Polities and Intersocietal Relations<br/>in Precolonial Guinea-Bissau</b>             | <b>27</b> |
| <b>2. Overview of Portuguese-African<br/>Political Relations and Warfare, 1446–1890</b>                | <b>45</b> |
| <b>3. African Kingdoms at War, Changing Fulbe<br/>Alliances, and Portuguese Aggression, 1840s–1910</b> | <b>64</b> |

## PART 2

### VANQUISHED STATE, TERRORIST STATE

|  |            |
|--|------------|
| <b>4. The Vanquished State: Multiethnic Resistance<br/>and the Great Siege of Bissau, 1890s–1909</b> | <b>85</b>  |
| <b>5. The Terrorist State: Conquest through<br/>Mercenary Pillage</b>                                | <b>105</b> |

## PART 3

### THE “SETTLED” COLONIAL PERIOD

|  |            |
|--|------------|
| <b>6. Military Resistance to State Building, 1923–1950</b> | <b>127</b> |
|--|------------|

- 7. Sociocultural Aspects of a Strong Rural Civil Society, 1920–1960** 142
- 8. The Colonial State and the Informal Economic Sector** 160

## PART 4

## WAR AND THE POSTCOLONIAL STATE

- 9. Rural Civil Society’s Multiethnic Mobilization for Independence** 181
- 10. Postcolonial Legacies: Weak State, Strong Civil Society** 205
- 11. The Postcolonial State, the Economy, and Renewed War** 222
- 12. Conclusions: Guinea-Bissau in Comparative Perspective** 233
- Notes 249
- Sources 299
- Index 309